sion *to* third parties who are acting as agents against its export of tea to State-owned agencies in Afghanistan and Morocco;

(b) whether peyment of such commission was stipulated in the bilateral agreements signed with the countries mentioned in part (a) above and approved of by Government; and

(c) if so, what are the details of terms of payment of such commission alongwith the names of the agents and the amount paid so far on this count?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI DINESH SINGH): (a) to (c) Payment of Agency Commission by Indian Exporters are as per guidelines prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. The total amount of Commission paid by TTCI on tea exports including those to Morocco and Afghanistan since 1980-81 tiil 1987-88 amounts to Rs. 210.25 lakhs. TTCI business in Morocco and Afghanistan is with Government Corporalion/Agency dealing with whom requires inter-action as well as follow-up whch is one by the Agents.

Loan from IMF

*72. SHRI SHANKER SlNH VAGHELA.

SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government of India have approached the International Monetary Fund for the second time in nine years to obtain a loan; if so, what are the details in this regard and also the reasons therefor;

(b) what were the conditions linked with the previous loan; and

(c) what is the outstanding foreign debt and the yearly payment position by way of return of loan instalments and also the interest amount and how much Will it become if India gets the loan now requested for?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THB DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) No, Sir.

(b) The terms and conditions of the extended arrangement with the Fund in November, 1981 were set out in the statement made by the Finance Minister on November 23, 1981 in the Rajya Sabha.

(c) The foreign debt outstanding in respect of Government Account, Non-Government Account, External Commercial Borrowings and IMF at the end of March 1988 was estimated to be Rs. 54725 crores. The repayment of principal and payment of interest during 1988-89 on all these four accounts are estimated to be Rs. 4209 crores and Rs. 2683 crores respectively.

बांगलादेशी घुसपैठिए

*73. **श्री अश्विनी कुमार:** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि बांगलादेशी घुसपैठियों ने कूचबिहार जिले की तहसील, मेकलिगंज के कुचलीबाड़ी क्षेत्र में घुसपैठ करके "होलाबेरटारी" नामक एक नयी बस्ती बसा ली है; यदि हां तो उस क्षेत्र में प्रवेश करने वाले घुसपैठियों की संख्या कितनी है;

(ख) उन लोगों ने कौन-कौन सी जांच चौकियों से घुसपैठ की है ;

(ग) कुचलीबाड़ी तथा अन्य स्थानों पर रह रहे घुसपैठियों को वापस भेजने तथा भविष्य में इस प्रकार की घुसपैठ को रोकने के लिए क्या कदम उठाए गए हैं ; और उनका क्या परिणाम रहा; और

(घ) क्या यह सच है कि बांगलादेश से आए घुसपैठियों ने देश के अन्य बड़े शहरों में भी घुसपैठ कर ली है ; यदि हां तो ऐसे शहरों के नाम क्या हैं तथा इनमें से प्रत्येक शहर में कितने-कितने घुसपैठिए अनधिकृत रूप से रह रहे हैं ?

गृह मंत्री (श्री बूटा सिंह) : (क) और (ख) अपेक्षित सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी ।

(ख) घुसपैठिए अनधिकृत रास्तों से प्रवेश करते हैं न कि स्थापित जांच चौकियों से, इन जांच चौकियों से वैध दस्तावेजों वाले व्यक्ति ही आ सकते हैं।

(ग) जैसे ही घुसपैठिए पकड़े जाते हैं उन्हें बांगलादेश वापस भेज दिया जाता है। घुसपैठियों का पता लगाने और उन्हें वापस भेजने के लिए एक विशेष कार्यबल गठित किया गया है।

Open tender system for apparel export quota

*74. SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what Is the number of representations received by Government against the open tende$_r$ system for apparel export quota and the grounds cited in each representation for opposing the system;

(b) what steps ar$_e$ being taken to curb blackmarket sale of quotas which continues unabated i$_n$ respect of the quotas outside open tender system and whether a law would be enacted to curb this black marketing and legalise open tender system;

(c) whether Government have earmarked only five per cent of the quota fo$_r$ open tender system; and

(d) how much funds have been collected under open tender system and in what manner this fund will be used for textile export promotion measures?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRl RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) to (d) Certain organisations of garment exporters ond some individual exporters had represented against the Open Tender System (O.T.S.) on the ground that the system would lead to reduction in exports since the profitability of exports is affected. On a Writ appeal filed by some exporters, the Delhi High Court has recently held that tbe collection of the premium under the Open Tender System is without any legal backing. The Government hag filed an S.L.P. in the Supreme Coart against this judgement. 15 per cent of the total annual level available for Super-fast Categoric* has been earmarked for allotment under O.T.S. A sum of approximately Rs. 55 crores has been collected so far under th* Open Tender System. This amount will bo funded and used for export promotion purposes. Several schemes for export promotion on garments such as overseas publicity, air freight subsidy, sample subsidy, readymade garment survey, market development in Japan and Australia have already been sanctioned.

1. Transfer of quotas has been permitted only in two systems. The transferability has been permitted only with a view to ensuring better utilisation of quotas by enabling exporters having orders to get quotas by transfer.

मुक्त व्यापार क्षेत्र सुविधाओं का दुरुपयोग

*75. श्री राम जेठमलानी : क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 22 नवम्बर, 1988 के "टाइम्स आफ इंडिया" में "फ्री ट्रेड जोन फैसिलिटीज बीइंग मिसयूज्ड: स्टडी" शीर्षक के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है;

(ख) क्या सरकार द्वारा इस मामले में कोई विस्तृत जांच करायी गई है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो जांच का ब्यौरा क्या है और सरकार भविष्य में इस संबंध में क्या कार्यवाही करने का विचार रखती है ?

वाणिज्य मंत्री (श्री दिनेश सिंह) : (क) जी हां।

(ख) और (ग) निर्यात संसाधन जोनों में एककों के कार्य निष्पादन की विकास आयुक्तों द्वारा विधिवत मानीटरी की जाती है तथा जहां कहीं भी आवश्यक होता है किसी प्रकार के दुरुपयोग होने का पता लगने पर उपयुक्त कदम उठाए जाते हैं।